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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/798,270	03/12/2004	Chang-yeob Choo	1793.1168 5868	
21171 7590 11/07/2007 STAAS & HALSEY LLP SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005		7	EXAMINER GIESY, ADAM	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2627	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/07/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/798,270	CHOO ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
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	Adam R. Giesy	2627	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress ·
THE REPLY FILED 22 October 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A			•
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	n the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in o	Appeal. To avoid aba idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	ice, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) \square The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	g date of the final rejecti	on.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	'06.07(f).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	dension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropr inally set in the final Offi	ate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed 	ension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of e appeal. Since
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) 	onsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be		ducing or simplifying	the issues for
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a		ected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).			(DTOL 204)
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		impliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s). 		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	☐ will not be entered, or b) ☐ wi ovided below or appended.	II be entered and an e	explanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	ut before or on the date of filing a N nd sufficient reasons why the affidat	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> vit or other evidence is	ot be entered s necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe ry and was not earlier p <u>r</u> esented. S	al and/or appellant fa see 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attacl	ned.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.	ut does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).		
13. Other:			
	SUPE	WAYNE YOUNG PATENT	G EXAMINER

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMIN.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: In response to Applicant's argument, found on page 9 of the Response filed on 10/22/2007, that the Choi reference does not include certain features of Applicant's invention, the limitations on which the Applicant relies (i.e., not having sharp variations in recording velocity) are not stated in the claims. It is the claims that define the claimed invention, and it is claims, not specifications that are anticipated or unpatentable. Constant v. Advanced Micro-Devices Inc., 7 USPQ2d 1064.

Applicant further argues on page 11 that neither Choi or Koudo suggest recording at an adjusted lower CAV than when an error is detected using a predetermined CAV. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Examiner would like to note that in the background of Koudo it is explained that high speed, high density recording on a CD-ROM can take place using a CAV recording method (see column 1, lines 24-32). Examiner cites this as one example showing that with high-speed, high-density recording the "recording speed" is very commonly a CAV recording speed. Koudo also discloses both the CAV and CLV aspect or recording speeds and a switching of speed (ie. CLV to CAV and vice versa). Examiner notes that the Choi reference discloses lowering a "recording speed" when an error is detected, but does not mention the method (CAV or CLV or a combination of both) with which the media is being recorded. Thus Examiner asserts that combination of the two does disclose rotating the disc at a CAV lower than the predetermined CAV when an error is detected.

Furthermore, Applicant is reminded that the claims are given the broadest reasonable interpretation consistent with the specification. See . In re Morris, 127 F.3d 1048, 44 USPQ2d 1023 (Fed. Cir. 1997).

Examiner asserts that the claims are not in condition for allowance for at least the reasons discussed above.